NEW HARMONY VALLEY SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT

A COMPONENT UNIT OF WASHINGTON COUNTY, UTAH

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

WITH REPORT OF

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS



NEW HARMONY VALLEY SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT A COMPONENT UNIT OF WASHINGTON COUNTY, UTAH

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FINANCIAL SECTION



Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants

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To the Administrative Board of Directors New Harmony Valley Special Service District New Harmony, UT 84757

We have compiled the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of New Harmony Valley Special Service District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2005, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents, in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services issued by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

A compilation is limited to presenting in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management. We have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and, accordingly, do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have compiled the supplementary information from information that is the representation of management, without audit or review. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on the supplementary information.

Hinton, Berdick, Hall & Spilker, PUC

HINTON, BURDICK, HALL & SPILKER, PLLC September 15, 2006

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the New Harmony Valley Special Service District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. Please read it in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total assets exceed total liabilities (net assets) by \$280,037 at the close of the fiscal year.
- Total net assets increased by \$74,960.
- Total long-term debt decreased by \$44,723.
- The District received federal and state grant funds of \$33,686.
- Total revenues from all sources, including debt, were \$138,607 and the total cost of all District programs was \$153,031.
- Total revenue received in the General Fund was \$45,074 more than the final budget and expenditures were \$42,824 more than the final budget.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The three components of the financial statements are: (1) Government-wide financial statements which include the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the District as a whole. (2) Fund financial statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. (3) Notes to the financial statements.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities (Government-wide)

A frequently asked question regarding the District's financial health is whether the year's activities contributed positively to the overall financial well-being. The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in them. Net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets are an indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, it is important to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base or jurisdiction, the availability of capital projects, and condition of the District's assets to accurately assess the overall health of the District.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, present information about the following:

- Government activities All of the District's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including public safety and interest on long-term debt. Property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Proprietary activities/Business type activities The District currently does not maintain any proprietary activities; all activities are accounted for as governmental activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. The District's major fund uses the accounting approaches as explained below.

Governmental funds — All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental funds focus on how resources flow in and out with the balances remaining at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called the modified accrual accounting method, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Government fund information shows whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation included with the Basic Financial Statements and in footnote 2.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District's combined assets exceed liabilities by \$280,037 as of December 31, 2005 as shown on the following condensed statement of net assets.

Statement of Net Assets

	12/31/2004	12/31/2005
Current and other assets	\$ 61,951	\$ 47,608
Capital assets	37 2,2 77	422,079
Total assets	43 4,2 28	469,687
Long-term obligations	224,802	182,887
Other liabilities	8,354	6,763
Total liabilities	233,156	189,650
Net assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	13 9,5 72	232,961
Unrestricted	61,500	47,076
Total net assets	\$ 201,072	\$ 280,037

Governmental Activities

The cost of all Governmental activities this year was \$63,647. Overall governmental program revenues, including intergovernmental aid and fees for services were \$37,081. General taxes, investment earnings and other revenues totaled \$101,526.

The District's programs include: Public Safety. Each programs' net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) is presented below. The net cost shows the extent to which the District's general taxes support each of the District's programs.

Changes in Net Assets

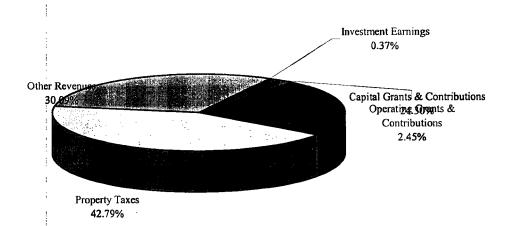
	12/31/2004	12/31/2005		
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -		
Operating grants and contributions	372	3,395		
Capital grants and contributions	76 ,00 0	33,686		
General revenues:				
Property taxes	50,808	59,312		
Impact fees	18 ,50 0	41,700		
Unrestricted investment earnings	197_	514		
Total revenues	145,877	138,607		
Expenses:				
Public safety	25,464	50,598		
Interest on long-term debt	4,005	9,044		
Total expenses	29,469	59,642		
Increase in net assets	116,408	78,965		
Net assets, beginning	84,664	201,072		
Net assets, ending	\$ 201,072	\$ 280,037		

3.

Total resources available during the year to finance governmental operations were \$339,679 consisting of Net assets at January 1, 2005 of \$201,072, program revenues of \$37,081 and General Revenues of \$101,526. The total cost of Governmental Activities during the year was \$59,642; thus Governmental Net Assets were increased by \$78,965 to \$280,037.

The following graph provides a breakdown of revenues by source for all government activities.

Revenue By Source - Governmental Activities



General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final appropriations for the General Fund at year-end were \$42,824 less than actual expenditures. Actual revenues were greater than the final budget by \$45,074. Budget amendments and supplemental appropriations were not made during the year after the adoption of the original budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The capital assets of the District are those assets that are used in performance of District functions. Net Capital Assets of the governmental activities the end of fiscal year 2004, were \$422,079. Depreciation on capital assets is recognized in the Government-Wide financial statements. (See note 5 to the financial statements.)

Debt

At year-end, the District had \$183,977 in governmental type debt which is secured by the buildings and equipment of the District. (See note 6 to the financial statements for detailed descriptions.)

NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

In considering the District Budget for fiscal year 2006, the District Board and management estimated that the budget for operating revenues and expenditures to be similar to amounts budgeted for 2004.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Barbara Kelesy, New Harmony Valley Special Service District at P.O. Box 655, New Harmony, UT 84757 or call 435-586-5306.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah) Statement of Net Assets

December 31, 2005

Assets	Governme Activitie		
123000			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,608	
Receivables (net of allowance)		-	
Restricted assets:			
Temporarily restricted:			
Cash and cash equivalents		-	
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)			
Land		8,750	
Buildings and improvements		299,643	
Machinery and equipment		37,720	
Emergency Vehicles		75,966	
Total assets		469, 687	
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		532	
Interest payable		1,136	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year		5,095	
Due in more than one year		182,887	
Total liabilities		189,650	
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of			
related debt		232, 961	
Unrestricted		47,076	
Total Net Assets	\$	280,037	

See accompanying notes and accountants' report.

NEW HARMONY VALLEY SPECIAL SERVICE DISTRICT (A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah) Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

		Total		(13,517)	(9,044)	(22,561)			59,312	41,700	514	•	101,526	78,965
:				↔										
Net (Expense) Revenue and	Changes in Net Assets	Governmental Activities		(13,517)	(9,044)	(22,561)			59,312	41,700	514	•	101,526	78,965
Net Re	5 Z	Go.		S										
:		Capital Grants & Contributions		33,686	1	33,686								
		2 5 E		€										
:	Program Revenues	Operating Grants & Contributions		3,395	1	3,395								
	rogran	Ope Gra Contr		69									rs	
:	<u>a</u>	Charges for Services		- -	1	1	.so		ces	nes	Unrestricted investment earnings	le of assets	Total general revenues & transfers	Change in net assets
		Expenses		\$ 50,598	9,044	59,642	General Revenues:	Taxes:	Property taxes	Other revenues	Unrestricted in	Gain on the sale of assets	Total genera	Change ir
		Functions/Programs	Governmental activities:	Public safety	Interest on long-term debt	Total governmental activities								

78,965 201,072 280,037

78,965 201,072 280,037

Net assets - beginning
Net assets - ending

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2005

		eneral Fund	Capi	ital Project Fund	Total vernmental Funds
Assets:					
Cash and Investments	\$	782	\$	46,826	\$ 47,608
Accounts receivable		-		-	-
Due from other governments		-		-	-
Restricted cash	, 			<u>-</u>	 -
Total Assets	\$	782	\$	46,826	\$ 47,608
Liabilities and Fund Balances:					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	532		<u>-</u>	\$ 532
Total Liabilities		532	-		 532
Fund Balances:					
Reserved for:					
Debt service		-		-	-
Unreserved:					
Designated for capital projects		-		46,826	46,826
Unreserved		250		-	 250
Total fund balances		250		46,826	 47,076
Total Liabilities and fund balance	_\$	782	\$	46,826	
Amounts reported for governmental activities	in the statement	of net asse	ets		
are different because:					
Capital assets used in governmental activity	ties are not finar	cial			
resources and, therefore, are not reporte					422,079
Some liabilities, including bonds payable,		nd accrued	interest		
are not due and payable in the current pe	_				
are not reported in the funds.					 (189,118)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					 280,037

See accompanying notes and accountants' report.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Revenues:	G	eneral Fund	Capi	ital Project Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Property Taxes/Standby fees	\$	50 212	\$		\$	50.212
	Þ	59,312	Þ	-	Э	59,312
Impact fees Grants		41,700		- 22 696		41,700
Contributions/fund raisers		-		33,686		33,686
Interest revenue		- 		3,395		3,395 514
Interest revenue		514				314
Total Revenues		101,526		37,081		138,607
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Fire protection and emergency servi	ces	23,344		-		23,344
Debt service		52,631		_		52,631
Capital outlay				77,056		77,056
Total Expenditures		75,975		77,056		153,031
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditu	ires	25,551		(39,975)		(14,424)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Proceeds from debt		-		-		-
Operating transfers in		-		25,552		25,552
Operating transfers out		(25,552)		<u> </u>		(25,552)
Net change in fund balances		(1)		(14,423)		(14,424)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		251		61,249		61,500
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	250	\$	46,826	\$	47,076

See accompanying notes and accountants' report.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah) Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds To the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are		
different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(14,424)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement		
of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives		
and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay		
exceeded depreciation in the current period.		49,802
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental		
funds, while repayment of the principle of long-term debt consumes current		
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any		
effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the		
treatment of long-term debt.		44,723
Accrued Interest for Long-term debt is not reported as an expenditure for the current		
period while it is recorded in the statement of activities		(1,136)
	-	<u> </u>
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	78,965

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1. Significant Accounting Policies

General

The accounting and reporting policies of the New Harmony Valley Special Service District (The District) conform with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The District, a component unit of Washington County was established by the Washington County Commission to provide fire protection for the community of New Harmony and the surrounding area. The Accompanying financial statements include all activities of the District. There are no other agencies or component units that should be associated with these financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information about the District, the primary government, as a whole.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The use of financial resources to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an expenditure. Proceeds from long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long term debt of the District are reported as a reduction of a related liability, rather than as expenditures in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means that the amounts can be reasonably determined within the current period. "Available" means that the amounts are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter (within 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The **General Fund** is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the general operations of the District.

The Capital Project Fund is used to account for all financial resources applicable to the capital projects of the District.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are prepared and adopted by resolution by the Board on or before December 15th for the following calendar year in accordance with State law. Prior to adoption of the budget a public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer input. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the proposed sources of financing for such expenditures and is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principals using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgets are adopted and control of budget appropriations are exercised under State law, at the department level. Budget amendments are required to increase expenditure budgets. During the current fiscal year there were amendments to the budget. Procedures for amending the budgets were in accordance with State laws.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized (recorded and accounted for) in the General Capital Asset Account Group. Infrastructure such as streets, traffic signals and signs are capitalized. The District has no infrastructure assets. The valuation bases for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 40 years; equipment, 5-7 years.

Net Assets

Net assets is the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt are capital assets, less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding debt related to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are legal limitations imposed on their use by District legislation or external restrictions by other governments, creditors or grantors.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District.

Compensated Absences

There are no accruals for accumulated sick and vacation as the District currently does not have any full-time employees nor such a policy.

Inventory

The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Also, the District's inventory of materials and supplies is deemed to be immaterial; thus, no provision for inventory has been made in these financial statements.

Risk Management

The District maintains insurance for general liability, auto liability, collision, property damage, comprehensive fire & theft, fidelity bonds, and workers compensation through the Utah Local Government Insurance Trust.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 1. Significant Accounting Policies, Continued

Property Taxes

Property taxes are collected by the Washington County Treasurer and remitted to the District in monthly installments. Taxes are levied and are due and payable on November 1 and delinquent after November 30 of each year at which time they become liens if not paid. Over 75% of the District's taxes are remitted to the District in December and January.

Estimates

Generally accepted accounting principles require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect assets and liabilities, contingent assets and liabilities, and revenues and expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between total governmental fund balances and net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of nets assets. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental fund balance sheets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Bonds Payable \$ 183,977
Accrued Interest Payable \$ 5,141

Net adjustment to decrease fund balance – total governmental funds to arrive at net assets of governmental activities

\$ 189,118

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2005

NOTE 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Explanation of differences between governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities:

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances-total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. The first element of this reconciliation states that capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures while the government-wide statement of activities allocates these costs over the useful lives of the assets as depreciation. While shown in the reconciliation as the net difference, the elements of this difference are as follows:

Capital Outlay \$ 77,056 Depreciation expense (27,255)

Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balance – total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental funds

\$49,801

NOTE 3. Cash Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash-on-hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of the acquisition for purposes of this note.

Cash Deposits

At December 31, 2005, the carrying amount of the Service District's deposits was \$47,608 and the bank balance was \$47,608. Of the bank balance, 100% was covered by Federal depository insurance. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by state statute.

Investments

The District follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code Annotated 1953, Section 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and temporary investment transactions. This law requires the depositing of District funds in a "qualified depository". The Act defines a "qualified depository" as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 3. Cash Deposits and Investments, Continued

The Money Management Act also defines the types of securities allowed as appropriate temporary investments for the District and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions are to be conducted through qualified depositories or primary reporting dealers.

Certain assets are restricted by provisions of the bond resolutions. The resolutions also describe how these restricted assets may be deposited and invested. Restricted cash may only be deposited in state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements or invested in securities representing direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States government, agencies of the United States government, any state within the territorial United States of America; or repurchase agreements or interest bearing time deposits with state or national banks meeting certain minimum net worth requirements; or certain other investments.

The Districts had no investments during the fiscal year December 31, 2004.

The District's deposits and investments are summarized and presented in the financial statements at cost as follows:

Cash - unrestricted	\$ 47,608
Cash - restricted	 -
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,608

NOTE 4. Accounts Receivable – Due From Other Governments

Accounts Receivable and Due from Other Governments is deemed to be immaterial; thus, no provision for Accounts Receivable has been made in the fund financial statements.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)
Notes to the Financial Statements
December 31, 2005

NOTE 5. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2004 is as follows;

Governmental Activities:

	alance 31/2004	_Addit	tions_	Dele	etions		alance 31/2005
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 8,750	\$		\$		\$	8,750
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	8,750		-				8,750
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings and Improvements	311,993		-		-		311,993
Machinery and Equipment	53,766	25	5,042		-		78,8 08
Emergency Vehicles	 92,900	52	2,015		(8,000)		136,915
Total capital assets, being depreciated	 458,659_	77	7,057		(8,000)		527,716
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings and Improvements	(4,550)	(7	7,800)		-		(12,350)
Machinery and Equipment	(35,980)	(5	5,108)		-		(41,088)
Emergency Vehicles	 (54,602)	(14	1,347)		8,000		(60,949)
Total accumulated depreciation	 (95,132)	(27	7,255)		8,000		(114,387)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	 363,527	49	9,802		-		413,329
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 3 72, 277	\$ 49	9,802	\$	_	\$	422,079

The entire \$27,255 of depreciation was charged to the governmental activity, public safety.

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah) Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2005

NOTE 6. Long -Term Debt

The following in a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2004.

	Balance 12/31/2004		Ad	Additions		s Retirements		Balance 2/31/2005	_	Current Cortion
USDA 97-01 USDA 97-02	\$	189,000 39,700		<u>-</u>	\$	5,0 23 39,7 00	\$	183,977	\$	5,095
Total Long-term Debt	\$	228,700	\$	-	\$	44,723	\$	183,977	\$	5,095

Notes Payable at December 31, 2004 are comprised of the following issues:

Notes Payable

Note Payable USDA, Series 97-01, due in annual principal and interest installments of \$11,265, bearing interest at 4.25% maturing May 26, 2034.

\$ 183,977

Note Payable USDA, Series 97-02, due in principal and interest installments of \$2,402 bearing interest at 4.375% maturing September 10, 2034.

Total Notes Payable

\$ 183,977

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah) Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2005

NOTE 6. Long – Term Debt, Continued

The annual requirements to amortize notes payable at December 31, 2004 are as follows:

Year Ended			
December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
:			
2007	5,095	6, 170	11,265
2008	3,662	7,603	11,265
2009	3,818	7, 447	11,265
2010-2014	21,667	34,658	56,325
2015-2019	26,679	29,646	56,325
2020-2024	32,851	23,474	56,325
2025-2029	40,451	15,674	56,125
2030-2034	49,754	6,515	56 ,26 9
:			
Totals	\$ 183,977	\$ 131,187	\$ 315,164

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

(A Component Unit of Washington County, Utah)

General Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual

For the Year Ended December 31, 2005

	 Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	 						
Property taxes	\$ 43,452	\$	43,452	\$	59,312	\$	15,860
Impact fees	13,000		13,000		41,700		28,700
Grants	-		-		-		-
Contributions/fund raisers	-		-		-		-
Finance charges and other revenues	-		-		-		_
Interest revenue	-		-		514		514
Total Revenues	56,452		56,452		101,526		45,074
Expenditures:							
Current:	•						:
Fire protection and emergency services	20,150		20,151		23,344		(3,193)
Debt service	13,000		13,000		52,631		(39,631)
Capital outlay	, -		, -		· -		_
	 						•
Total Expenditures	33,150		33,151		75,975		(42,824)
Excess of Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	23,302		23,301		25,552		2,250
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating transfers out	 (23,302)		(23,302)	_	(25,552)		(2,250)
Net change in fund balance	-		(1)		-		-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 251		251		251		-
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ 251	\$	250	\$	25 1	\$	

See accountants' report.